

Appendix D to the Tender Specifications

Project Delivery Requirements

Table of Contents

1.	Project Phases.....	3
1.1.	Initiation.....	3
1.2.	Design.....	3
1.3.	Development and Test.....	3
1.4.	Deployment	4
1.5.	Go-Live	4
2.	PROJECT DELIVERABLES	4
2.1.	Initiation.....	4
2.1.1	Project Management documentation.....	4
2.1.2	Tools for project controlling.....	5
2.2.	Design.....	5
2.2.1	Design Documentation	5
2.2.1.1.	Functional Design Specifications	6
2.2.1.2.	Technical Design Specifications.....	6
2.2.1.3.	Draft version of the Software Test Plan.....	6
2.3.	Development and Test.....	7
2.3.1	System documentation.....	7
2.3.1.1.	Operational and Maintenance Documentation	7
2.3.1.2.	System building procedures	7
2.3.1.3.	Infrastructure (HW and SW) documentation	7
2.3.2	Final Version	7
2.3.3	User Documentation.....	8
2.3.1.4.	User documentation	8
2.3.4	Test Documentation	8
2.4.	Deployment and DATA MIGRATION	9
2.5.	Go-Live	9
3.	Timetable	9
4.	Acceptance procedures.....	9
4.1.	Classification of SOFTWARE issues	9
4.2.	Documentation.....	10
4.3.	Final version	10
4.4.	Final system.....	11
5.	Meetings.....	11
5.1.	Project management meetings	11

1. PROJECT PHASES

The major phases foreseen from signature of the contract until a final system is accepted are:

- Initiation
- Design
- Development and Test
- Deployment
- Go-Live

Deliverables are expected for each phase. They are detailed in Chapter 2 – Project Deliverables of this document.

If one deliverable is not accepted by EMSA during one phase no acceptance of any deliverable of the following phase can be done.

1.1. INITIATION

The objective of this initiation phase is to have a mutual understanding and agreement of methods and means that will be used for the completion of the project.

Immediately after the signature of the contract the contractor should prepare the kick-off meeting to cover at least the following subjects:

- objectives and organization
- contractor team
- project tools
- project plan
- methodologies and procedures
- software development plan
- content and level of detail of the project management documentation

During this phase, the contractor is asked to work in close contact with EMSA in order to create a common view of the whole project.

1.2. DESIGN

The objective of the design phase is to create a complete set of functional and technical specifications specifying what and how is to be implemented and the methodologies that shall be used to verify and validate the project execution.

1.3. DEVELOPMENT AND TEST

The objective of this phase is to develop and test the final version of the system before deployment and import of data.

The application will be developed according to the deliverables of the design phase.

Before delivery the contractor must test the developed application to verify the conformity with expected results and validate that the procedures as stated during the previous phases have been applied. The contractor should respect the “two chamber principle” which means that the team in charge of the tests should be different from the team in charge of the design and development. Tests cannot be executed before prior acceptance of Test documentation by EMSA. Test results should be transmitted to EMSA.

During this phase the contractor is responsible to:

- Prepare system documentation;
- Deliver a final version of the system;
- Prepare User documentation
- Prepare Test documentation;
- Test final version before its delivery and report test results to EMSA.

1.4. DEPLOYMENT

Deployment starts as soon as all deliverables of the development phase are delivered to EMSA.

The objective of the deployment phase is to configure and make the final version available and fully running on its environments:

- Test;
- Pre-Production/Quality;
- Production.

During this phase EMSA will perform acceptance tests to accept the final version, the system documentation and the user documentation.

1.5. GO-LIVE

The go-live phase starts after the final version is accepted by EMSA. The objective of this phase is to:

- obtain an optimum configuration of the system and maximal performance in the production environment by fine tuning the complete technical infrastructure,
- perform necessary correction and adjustments of the system while it is used by end users in real situation

The go-live phase ends at the final acceptance of the system.

2. PROJECT DELIVERABLES

Documentation must be provided in electronic format compatible with MS Office 2010 or equivalent.

2.1. INITIATION

2.1.1 Project Management documentation

Project management documentation should reflect the project management methodology proposed by the contractor in its bid. It should include at least the following documents:

- Project charter: details the understanding of the project, the different methodologies to be used and the first project baseline (inline with the first project plan).
- Project plan: must include the following items at least: project charter, project management approach, scope, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), project team, Gantt chart, deliverables milestones, working locations, meetings planning and reports.
- List of outstanding and closed Action Items.
- Flash report: simple report on the status on the project containing (at least) ongoing tasks, resources usage, progress status, and issues foreseen.
- Agenda of the meetings: the contractor is responsible for providing detailed agenda and additional requests 3 days before the meetings for all relevant meetings held between EMSA and the contractor.
- Minutes of the meetings: the contractor is responsible for providing the minutes of the meetings for all relevant meetings held between EMSA and the contractor. The minutes of the meetings must include at least the topics discussed, decisions taken and action items with indication of the responsible person and deadline of the actions.

2.1.2 Tools for project controlling

Unified Modelling Language (UML) should be used for object and system modelling. The UML modelling tool and any additional tools suggested by the contractor in its offer will be used.

EMSA suggests the use of StartUML (open source) or Altova UModel as the UML modelling tool. The contractor is free to use another UML modelling tool as long as he guarantees its compatibility with one of the previous tools.

Project progress controlling method will be proposed by the contractor. EMSA suggest EVM (Earned Value Management).

The contractor will provide a project site accessible by EMSA through internet. The project site should contain, at least:

- Last stable version of all document deliverables,
- Last stable version of the prototype or system,
- Current working documentation,
- Current development snapshot.

The project site must provide version control of all documentation and source code, making possible to retrieve at any time previous versions and the last stable version of source codes and documentation.

2.2. DESIGN

Design documentation should be prepared in close collaboration with EMSA's personnel.

2.2.1 Design Documentation

Design Documentation should cover:

1. Functional design specifications,
2. Technical design specifications,
3. A draft version of the Software Test Plan containing at least the test strategy.

2.2.1.1. Functional Design Specifications

Functional design specifications will be used as guidelines for the implementation of the system.

They should describe in detail as a minimum of:

- Use Cases representing the system functionalities,
- capabilities and processes,
- interactions with users/systems,
- Traceability matrix between Functional Requirements/Business Rules and Use Cases.

2.2.1.2. Technical Design Specifications

Technical design specifications will be used as a blueprint for the system implementation. They describe how the system will be implemented in order to cope with functional specifications.

They should include as a minimum:

- Conceptual and physical system architecture,
- Software design and layering,
- Modules and components,
- Process, workflows and algorithms design and documentation,
- Interfaces definitions.

2.2.1.3. Draft version of the Software Test Plan

The draft version of the Software Test Plan will serve as the basis for the Software Test Plan to be implemented during “Development and Test” phase. This draft version should include as a minimum:

- Definition of the Software Test Plan Structure and global strategy,
- Reference to the different test phases to be implemented,
- Definition of the test detailed strategy presenting an overall perspective of testing and identifying individual test phase plans for unit, integration, functional, performance, load and stress test phases. Each test phase plan should include at least:
 - Description of the test phase strategy,
 - Test phase standards and practices,
 - Test phase supporting guidelines,
 - Test phase selection criteria,
 - Test phase evaluation metrics,
 - Completion criteria for the test phase,
 - Test phase implementation templates.
- Reference to the test environment(s) to be used,
- Software Test plan execution planning,
- Software Test team responsibilities and staff.

The final version of the Software Test Plan is to be provided during the Development and Test phase.

2.3. DEVELOPMENT AND TEST

If needed the contractor and/or EMSA may suggest modifying the content of the deliverables of the design phase. These modifications should be agreed by EMSA.

2.3.1 System documentation

2.3.1.1. Operational and Maintenance Documentation

Operational and maintenance documentation must explain how the system should be operated and maintained on a daily base. It should include the following documentation:

- Installation manual,
- Operation and Maintenance manual,
- HOW-TO troubleshooting and root-cause analysis.

2.3.1.2. System building procedures

System building procedures should allow EMSA to completely build the latest version of the system at any moment.

System building procedures shall be executed in EMSA building environment. The contractor has to provide all the needed information to EMSA to prepare this building environment. EMSA favours the use of virtual Linux building environments.

At the delivery of the final version the contractor should provide an automatic build procedure with the complete source code, additional software packages and code generators.

For each code generator used during development a correspondent generator should be provided to EMSA.

2.3.1.3. Infrastructure (HW and SW) documentation

The contractor is requested to provide a complete and detailed architecture definition and sizing for the following environment:

- Test;
- Pre-Production/Quality;
- Production.

The environments will be provided at EMSA Data Centre.

In order to correctly size the production environment the contractor must consider the following elements: system architecture, implementation, non-functional requirements and the performance requirements specified in the Tender Specifications.

For the production environment, detailed information about requirements for servers characteristics, network, bandwidth, base software, databases, security and accessibility shall be provided to EMSA. For the others environments, the same level of information must be provided with an indication of expected performance.

2.3.2 Final Version

The final version of the system delivered to EMSA should contain:

- System implementation

- Related source codes, build procedures and supporting documentation,
- A complete system documentation,
- Test documentation,
- Release notes.

2.3.3 User Documentation

2.3.1.4. User documentation

The user documentation will explain the different components of the system to EMSA's users.

User documentation should include:

- A quick start guide to explain how to access the system and use main functionalities,
- A complete user manual to describe how to use all functionalities of the system,
- On line help content. This will contain a contextual help explaining content and functionalities of every screen of the system and generic help which will provide the same content of the user manual.

Text should be supported by illustrations and screen copies all through the user documentation. User manual and on line help should include a table of content, a glossary and an index.

2.3.4 Test Documentation

Test documentation should cover at least 80% of the functionalities of the system.

Tests to be performed by the contractor must cover the two following objectives:

- Verification tests: verify that the product is in line with the functional and technical requirements and design specifications and that implementation best practices were applied,
- Validation tests: verify that procedures and activities as described in the project plan, change management procedures and software development plan were applied.

The test documentation and test results should provide evidence that these objectives are met.

Test documentation should detail all necessary documents to plan, design, execute and report tests. This should include as a minimum:

- The Software Test Plan with all details regarding the test process:
 - Definition of the Software Test Plan Structure and global strategy,
 - Reference to the different test phases to be implemented,
 - Definition of the test detailed strategy presenting an overall perspective of testing and identifying individual test phase plans for unit, integration, functional, performance, load and stress test phases. Each test phase plan should include at least:
 - Description of the test phase strategy,
 - Test phase standards and practices,
 - Test phase supporting guidelines,
 - Test phase selection criteria,
 - Test phase evaluation metrics,

- Completion criteria for the test phase,
- Test phase implementation templates.
- Results achieved with the test phase implementation including at least:
 - Test cases,
 - Test scripts,
 - Data sets,
 - Test results,
 - Test phase report.
- Reference to the test environment(s) to be used,
- Software Test plan execution planning,
- Software Test team responsibilities and staff.

Test results should be added to each test plan once the corresponding tests have been executed.

The contractor will be responsible for preparing all documentation including test cases, test data to be used and test environment.

2.4. DEPLOYMENT AND DATA MIGRATION

Deliverables of the deployment phase are:

- Final version of the system deployed and fully working in the three environments
- Updates of the system documentation and user documentation.
- Updates of the deliverables of the design phase if needed.

2.5. GO-LIVE

Deliverables of the Go-live phase are:

- Updates of the system documentation if needed,
- Report on the tasks undertaken by the contractor and their results,
- Final system.

3. TIMETABLE

The contractor should deliver to EMSA all deliverables of the initiation phase at least 2 working days before the kick-off meeting. Further timetable requirements are defined in the tender specifications and respective annexes.

4. ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES

For each deliverable, EMSA provides a formal indication of the acceptance, conditional acceptance or rejection of the deliverable to the contractor.

4.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SOFTWARE ISSUES

EMSA will classify issues found on software into 3 different categories according to their impact and severity:

- Blocking issues: structural problems or serious issues (functional or technical) considered as limitations of the implementation with very high probability of interfering with the expected result. The contractor will be obliged to correct/execute all issues considered in the category,
- Critical issues: problems or issues that do not conform to the requirements or specifications or best practices or considered to be the wrong approach to obtain the result, but for each one of them a workaround is available.
- Minor issues: changes considered to be a better solution but without a deep impact in the quality of the system. The correction/execution of the issues of this category will be decided case by case.

Each issue is identified and described by EMSA and sent to the contractor. The contractor is requested to track and monitor the treatment of each issue sent by EMSA, using the change management procedures. The acceptance tests and the classification of the issues are made in collaboration between EMSA and the contractor.

The outcome of the acceptance procedure is positive if no issue is found by EMSA. If issues are found by EMSA during the acceptance procedure, the contractor is requested to immediately correct them and the acceptance procedure restarts from the date of the delivery of the corrected deliverable.

EMSA can decide conditionally accept the deliverable when some issues remain uncorrected and that issues are not blocking the system. In order to accept such remaining issues the contractor shall propose a deadline for the correction and EMSA to accept it. The EMSA will take the decision on conditionally acceptance of the product after evaluation of each remaining issue.

No acceptance shall be made by EMSA without a successful execution of the automatic build procedure.

4.2. DOCUMENTATION

In the case of Project Management documents, EMSA will provide comment and/or reservations which will be transmitted to the contractor within one week of the date of delivery. Based on this comment and/or reservations EMSA will either accept or reject the deliverables. In the case of rejection the contractor will be requested to provide a new appropriate revision.

In the case System documentation and User Documentation, EMSA will provide comment and/or reservations which will be transmitted to the contractor within two weeks of the date of delivery. Based on this comment and/or reservations EMSA will either accept or reject the deliverables. In the case of rejection the contractor will be requested to provide a new appropriate revision.

In the case of Design Documentation, EMSA will provide comment and/or reservations which will be transmitted to the contractor within five days of the date of delivery. Based on this comment and/or reservations EMSA will either accept or reject the deliverables. In the case of rejection the contractor will be requested to provide a new appropriate revision.

4.3. FINAL VERSION

The final version of the system will be evaluated by EMSA when available and running on the test, quality and production environments.

Before the final version is accepted EMSA will verify if:

- all issues detected in the previous acceptance tests have been corrected,

- it conforms with the functional specifications,
- it conforms with the technical specifications,
- non-functional requirements are met,
- it works correctly in its environments according to all requirements and specifications.

EMSA will provide issues which will be transmitted to the contractor within fourteen days of the date of delivery. Based on this issues EMSA will either accept or reject the version. In the case of rejection the contractor will be requested to provide a new appropriate version.

4.4. FINAL SYSTEM

The final system will be evaluated by EMSA when the accepted final version will be available in the production environment. EMSA will verify the system operates correctly while being used by end users in real situation.

The Final system is accepted within acceptance period (14 days) at the condition that no blocking issues as described in chapter 4.1 are found.

In the case a blocking issue is found, the acceptance period is frozen until a corrected version is made available on the production environment by the contractor.

5. MEETINGS

5.1. PROJECT MANAGEMENT MEETINGS

Action list, risk registry and planning will be reviewed during project management meetings.

At each project management meeting, the contractor should present an updated project status report.

In addition to the project status reports, between the project management meetings, the contractor delivers to EMSA a flash report.

The contractor is responsible for providing detailed agenda and supporting documents for the meetings, support the discussions during the meeting, and providing the minutes of the meetings. The detailed agenda and supporting documents must be provided by the contractor 3 days before each meetings. The minutes of the meetings must include at least the topics discussed, decisions taken and action items with indication of the responsible person and deadline of the actions.

[End of document]